


Year 8 - Revision - No 7

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Victoria (Queen) (1819-1901), Queen of the United Kingdom of Great Britain and Ireland (1837-1901) and Empress of India (1876-1901). Her reign was the longest of any monarch in British history and came to be known as the Victorian era.

Queen Victoria

A Presentation by YOUR NAME
HERE

1 and empress of India (1876-1901)


Queen Victoria

Milestones


- 1837** Became queen following the death of her uncle, King William IV, who had no legitimate heirs
- 1839** Retained Whig leader William Lamb, 2nd Viscount Melbourne, as prime minister
- 1840** Married her first cousin, Prince Albert of the German principality of Saxe-Coburg-Gotha
- 1841** Reluctantly accepted Lamb's rival, Tory leader Robert Peel, as prime minister after general election led to a Tory majority
- 1851** Made several visits to the Great Exhibition, organized by Prince Albert, which showcased the wonders and advances of British industry and technology
- 1857** Suppressed the Sepoy Rebellion against the colonial authorities in India
- 1861** Went into mourning following the death of Albert and avoided public occasions for several years
- 1876** Was named Empress of India by the British Parliament
- 1897** Celebrated her Diamond Jubilee, which commemorated her 60 years on the throne
- 1899-1901** Supported British involvement in the Boer War in South Africa.

The above slide has a “flash” Animation!


Queen Victoria



Lord Henry Palmerston served as British prime minister from 1855 to 1858 and from 1859 to 1865. A skillful diplomat and tactician, Palmerston was popular among the British people for his belief in the international superiority of Britain.




British writer and politician Benjamin Disraeli was known for his eccentric style of radical conservatism and dedication to Queen Victoria and the British Empire. Disraeli became prime minister in 1874.



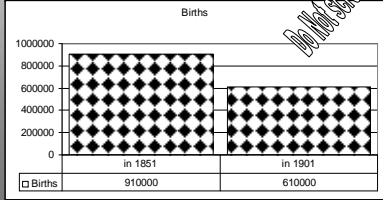
British Prime Minister William Gladstone, leader of the Liberal Party, served four terms during the reign of Queen Victoria. He helped define the Liberal Party by working on reforms to improve the lives of the working class and fighting for Irish home rule.

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Queen Victoria



Queen Victoria's husband, Albert, was deeply interested in the arts and sciences. He organized the Great Exhibition of 1851, which was held in the Crystal Palace. The structure, built entirely of cast iron and glass, was an early example of modern, functional architecture.



Year	Births
in 1851	910000
in 1901	610000

The Crystal Palace 1851 AD

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